

BAYER CRAWLING INSECT KILLER

Version 5 / GB 102000012976 1/10 Revision Date: 09.12.2014 Print Date: 08.12.2017

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier Trade name BAYER CRAWLING INSECT KILLER Product code (UVP) 05700654 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Use Insecticide 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Supplier **Bayer Environmental Science** 230 Cambridge Science Park Milton Road Cambridge Cambridgeshire CB4 0WB United Kingdom Telephone 00800-1214 9451 Telefax +44(0)1223 426240 **Responsible Department** Email: ukinfo@bayercropscience.com 1.4 Emergency telephone no. Emergency telephone no. 00800 1020 3333 (24 hr)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Flammable aerosols: Category 1H222Extremely flammable aerosol.H229Pressurized container: May burst if heated.

Acute aquatic toxicity: Category 1 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Category 1H410Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

F+ Extremely flammable, R12 N Dangerous for the environment, R50/53

2.2 Label elements

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Hazard label for supply/use required.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

- Imiprothrin
- Cyphenothrin

Bayer Environmental Science

SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



BAYER CRAWLING INSECT KILLER

Version 5 / GB 102000012976 **2/10** Revision Date: 09.12.2014 Print Date: 08.12.2017



Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurized container: May burst if heated.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH401	To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for
	use.

Precautionary statements

P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P260	Do not breathe spray.
P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

2.3 Other hazards

Cutaneous sensations may occur, such as burning or stinging on the face and mucosae. However, these sensations cause no lesions and are of a transitory nature (max. 24 hours).

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature

Aerosol dispenser (AE) Imiprothrin/Cyphenothrin 0,1:0,3 % w/w

Hazardous components

R-phrase(s) according to EC directive 67/548/EEC Hazard statements according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Name	CAS-No. /	Classification		Conc. [%]
	EC-No.	EC Directive 67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
Cyphenothrin	39515-40-7 254-484-5	Xn; R22 N; R50/53	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	0.30
Imiprothrin	72963-72-5	Xn; R22 N; R50/53	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	0.10
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8 265-149-8	Xn; R65	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	> 10.00
Butane	106-97-8 203-448-7	F+; R12	Press. Gas Flam. Gas 1, H220	> 1.00



Version 5 / GB 102000012976 **3/10** Revision Date: 09.12.2014 Print Date: 08.12.2017

Further information

For the full text of the R-phrases/ Hazard statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures		
General advice	Move out of dangerous area. Place and transport victim in stable position (lying sideways). Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.	
Inhalation	If abnormal over-exposure and inhalation of the aerosol occurs, the following advice is applicable: Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.	
Skin contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. Warm water may increase the subjective severity of the irritation/paresthesia. This is not a sign of systemic poisoning. In case of skin irritation, application of oils or lotions containing vitamin E may be considered. If symptoms persist, call a physician.	
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Warm water may increase the subjective severity of the irritation/paresthesia. This is not a sign of systemic poisoning. Apply soothing eye drops, if needed anaesthetic eye drops. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.	
Ingestion	Ingestion of the liquid of the aerosol is unlikely. However, if ingested, the following advice is applicable. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting: contains petroleum distillates and/or aromatic solvents.	
4.2 Most important symptoms	s and effects, both acute and delayed	
Symptoms	Inhalation may provoke the following symptoms:	
	Local:	
	Skin and eye paraesthesia which may be severe, Skin, eye and mucous membrane irritation, Cough, Sneezing	
	Systemic:	
	Discomfort in the chest, Tachycardia, Hypotension, Nausea, Abdominal pain, Diarrhoea, Vomiting, Dizziness, Blurred vision, Headache, Anorexia, Somnolence, Coma, Convulsions, Tremors, Prostration, Airway hyperreaction, Pulmonary oedema, Palpitation, Muscular fasciculation, Apathy	
	Symptoms and hazards refer to effects observed after intake of significant amounts of the active ingredient(s).	
4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Risks	This product contains a pyrethroid. Pyrethroid poisoning should not be confused with carbamate or organophosphate poisoning.	
Treatment	Treat symptomatically. Gastric lavage is not normally required. However, if a significant amount (more than a mouthful) has been ingested, administer activated charcoal and sodium sulphate. There is no specific antidote.	



Version 5 / GB 102000012976 **4/10** Revision Date: 09.12.2014 Print Date: 08.12.2017

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
Unsuitable	High volume water jet
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	Dangerous gases are evolved in the event of a fire., Heating can lead to increased pressure with risk of explosion.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Further information	Remove product from areas of fire, or otherwise cool containers with water in order to avoid pressure being built up due to heat. Contain the spread of the fire-fighting media. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Precautions	Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Consider the need for evacuation. Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Ensure adequate ventilation. When dealing with a spillage do not eat, drink or smoke.	
6.2 Environmental precautions	Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water. If spillage enters drains leading to sewage works inform local water company immediately. If spillage enters rivers or watercourses, inform the Environment Agency (emergency telephone number 0800 807060).	
6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up		
Methods for cleaning up	The nature of this product, when contained in commercial packs, makes spillage unlikely. However, if significant amounts are spilled nevertheless, the following advice is applicable. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.	
6.4 Reference to other sections	Information regarding safe handling, see section 7. Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8. Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.	

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling



BAYER CRAWLING INSECT KILLER	5/10
Version 5/GB	Revision Date: 09.12.2014
102000012976	Print Date: 08.12.2017

Advice on safe handling	No specific precautions required when handling unopened packs/containers; follow relevant manual handling advice. Ensure adequate ventilation.	
Advice on protection against fire and explosion	The product is extremely flammable. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. Fire or intense heat may cause violent rupture of packages. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.	
Hygiene measures	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep working clothes separately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Remove soiled clothing immediately and clean thoroughly before using again. Garments that cannot be cleaned must be destroyed (burnt).	
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		
Requirements for storage areas and containers	BEWARE: Aerosol is pressurized. Keep away from direct sun exposure and temperatures over 50 °C. Do not open by force or throw into fire even after use. Do not spray on flames or red-hot objects. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only.	
Advice on common storage	Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.	
7.3 Specific end uses	Refer to the label and/or leaflet.	

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Butane	106-97-8	1,810 mg/m3/750 ppm (STEL)	12 2011	EH40 WEL
Butane	106-97-8	1,450 mg/m3/600 ppm (TWA)	12 2011	EH40 WEL

Additional advice

Observe: Exposure Limits In Air, Group 3: 100 mg/m³/ 20 ppm. (aromatic-rich hydrocarbon mixes with > 25% aromatics TRGS 901, No. 72).

8.2 Exposure controls

Refer to COSHH assessment (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (Amendment) Regulations 2004). Engineering controls should be used in preference to personal protective equipment wherever practicable. Refer also to COSHH Essentials.

Personal protective equipment

In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the following recommendations would apply.

Respiratory protection	Personal protective equipment is not normally required when using the aerosol. However, if there is a risk of uncontrolled exposure to the contents, the following should be considered. Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's
	instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.



Version 5 / GB 102000012976 6/10 Revision Date: 09.12.2014 Print Date: 08.12.2017

Hand protection	Personal protective equipment is not normally required when using the aerosol. However, if there is a risk of uncontrolled exposure to the contents, the following should be considered. Wear CE Marked (or equivalent) nitrile rubber gloves (minimum thickness of 0,4 mm). Wash when contaminated and dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination on the outside cannot be removed. Wash hands frequently and always before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet.
Eye protection	Personal protective equipment is not normally required when using the aerosol. However, if there is a risk of uncontrolled exposure to the contents, the following should be considered. Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent).
Skin and body protection	Personal protective equipment is not normally required when using the aerosol. However, if there is a risk of uncontrolled exposure to the contents, the following should be considered. Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 6 suit. If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective type suit. Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and should be professionally laundered frequently.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form	aerosol
Density Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	ca. 0.69 g/cm³ at 20 °C Cyphenothrin: log Pow: 6.62
9.2 Other information	Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity	
Thermal decomposition	Stable under normal conditions.
10.2 Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to prescribed instructions.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
10.5 Incompatible materials	Store only in the original container.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects



BAYER CRAWLING INSECT KILLER

Version 5 / GB 102000012976

7/10 Revision Date: 09.12.2014 Print Date: 08.12.2017

Acute oral toxicity	ATE (rat) > 2,000 mg/kg ATE – acute toxicity estimate Calculation method
Acute inhalation toxicity	ATE (rat) > 5 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h ATE – acute toxicity estimate Calculation method
Acute dermal toxicity	ATE (rat) > 2,000 mg/kg ATE – acute toxicity estimate Calculation method
Skin irritation	No skin irritation (rabbit) The information is derived from the properties of the individual components.
Eye irritation	No eye irritation (rabbit) The information is derived from the properties of the individual components.
Sensitisation	Non-sensitizing. (guinea pig) The information is derived from the properties of the individual components.

Assessment repeated dose toxicity

Cyphenothrin did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Assessment Mutagenicity

Cyphenothrin was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Assessment Carcinogenicity

Cyphenothrin was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Cyphenothrin did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.

Assessment developmental toxicity

Cyphenothrin did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.

Further information

Cutaneous sensations may occur, such as burning or stinging on the face and mucosae. However, these sensations cause no lesions and are of a transitory nature (max. 24 hours).

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 0.37 µg/l Exposure time: 96 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient cyphenothrin.
	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 0.038 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient imiprothrin.
Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates	LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 1.2 µg/l Exposure time: 96 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient cyphenothrin.



Version 5 / GB 102000012976 8/10 Revision Date: 09.12.2014 Print Date: 08.12.2017

	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 0.051 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient imiprothrin.	
Toxicity to aquatic plants	(Algae) 14 μg/l Exposure time: 72 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient cyphenothrin.	
12.2 Persistence and degradability		
Biodegradability	Cyphenothrin: not rapidly biodegradable	
Кос	Cyphenothrin: Koc: 9224	
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential		
Bioaccumulation	Cyphenothrin: Bioaccumulative	
12.4 Mobility in soil		
Mobility in soil	Cyphenothrin: Immobile in soil	
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment		
PBT and vPvB assessment	Cyphenothrin: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).	
12.6 Other adverse effects		
Additional ecological information	No other effects to be mentioned.	

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	Disposal of the liquid product when not contained in the aerosol container by incineration in an appropriately licensed commercial incinerator. Advice may be obtained from the local waste regulation authority (part of the Environment Agency in the UK).
Contaminated packaging	Ensure aerosol container is empty before disposal. Dispose of empty and cleaned packaging safely.
Waste key for the unused product	160504 gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing dangerous substances

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/RID/ADN	
14.1 UN number	1950
14.2 Proper shipping name	AEROSOLS
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	2.1
14.4 Packing group	NOT APPLICABLE.
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES



BAYER CRAWLING INSECT KILLER

Version 5/GB 102000012976

9/10 Revision Date: 09.12.2014 Print Date: 08.12.2017

Hazard no. **Tunnel Code** NOT APPLICABLE. D

This classification is in principle not valid for carriage by tank vessel on inland waterways. Please refer to the manufacturer for further information.

IMDG

14.1 UN number 14.2 Proper shipping name	1950 AEROSOLS (CYPHENOTHRIN)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 14.4 Packing group 14.5 Marine pollutant	2.1 NOT APPLICABLE. YES
IATA 14.1 UN number 14.2 Proper shipping name	1950 AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

14.1 UN number	1950
14.2 Proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, FLAMMAB
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	2.1
14.4 Packing group	NOT APPLICABLE.
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	NO
UK 'Carriage' Regulations	
14.1 UN number	1950
14.2 Proper shipping name	AEROSOLS
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	2.1
14.4 Packing group	NOT APPLICABLE.

14.6 Special precautions for user

14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark

See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code.

YES

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

UK and Northern Ireland Regulatory References

This material may be subject to some or all of the following regulations (and any subsequent amendments). Users must ensure that any uses and restrictions as indicated on the label and/or leaflet are followed.

Transport

Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 1348)

Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997 (SI 1997 No 2367) Air Navigation Dangerous Goods Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2786)

Supply and Use

Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 716) Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) (Northern Ireland) Regulations 2009 Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2677) EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits - Table 1 List of approved workplace exposure limits Control of Pesticide Regulations 1986



BAYER CRAWLING INSECT KILLER

Version 5 / GB 102000012976 **10/10** Revision Date: 09.12.2014 Print Date: 08.12.2017

Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002

Waste Treatment

Environmental Protection Act 1990, Part II Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations 1991 The Waste Management Licensing Regulations 1994 (as amended) Hazardous Waste Regulations 2005 (Replacing Special Waste Regulations 1996 as amended) Landfill Directive Regulation on Substances That Deplete the Ozone Layer 1994 (EEC/3093/94) Water Resources Act 1991 Anti-Pollution Works Regulations 1999

Further information

WHO-classification: III (Slightly hazardous)

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not required.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Text of R-phrases mentioned in Section 3

R12	Extremely flammable.
=	,
R22	Harmful if swallowed.
1122	
R50/53	Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic
	environment.

R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

Text of the hazard statements mentioned in Section 3

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
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- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The above information is intended to give general health and safety guidance on the storage and transport of the product.

It is not intended to apply to the use of the product for which purposes the product label and any appropriate technical usage literature available should be consulted and any relevant licenses, consents or approvals complied with.

The requirements or recommendations of any relevant site or working procedure, system or policy in force or arising from any risk assessment involving the substance or product should take precedence over any of the guidance contained in this safety data sheet where there is a difference in the information given.

The information provided in this safety data sheet is accurate at the date of publication and will be updated as and when appropriate.

No liability will be accepted for any injury, loss or damage resulting from any failure to take account of information or advice contained in this safety data sheet.

Reason for Revision: Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EU) No. 453/2010.

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.