HOLDING COMPLIANCE WITH CERTIFICATION DEMONSTRATING handling phase (EN374).

UK STEWARDSHIP REGIME

CRRU UK Code of Best Practice (or equivalent) for guidance.

To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use. The product should only be used as part of an treated area and their surroundings) about the rodent control campaign integrated pest management (IPM) system, including, amongst others, hygiene measures and, where possible, physical methods of Please note: control. When this product is supplied to a user for the control of Remove food which is readily attainable for rodents (e.g. spilled grain or stewardship regime requirements.

Instructions for safe handling and use:

Read and follow the product information as well as any information other structures. Bait should be secured so that it cannot be dragged away from the bait station. Carry out a pre-bailing survey of the resistance:

infested area and an on-site assessment in order to identify the rodent. The resistance status of the rodent population to bromadiolone should product out of the reach of children, birds, pets and farm animals and daily basis. other non-target animals. To reduce risk of secondary poisoning, Long Term Use: skin after using the product.

Use Instructions:

her placement, where rais or their signs have been observed.

points to further places and the possibility to change to another bait, file remand by referred by every property of the company by referred by referred by referred by the company by referred by referred by the company by the compan of its removal by rodents or by surges of water. Secure by wire or by attaching to available structures to ensure the blocks are not First aid information Regularly check bait consumption and replace consumed or spoiled (show the label if possible). bait until consumption has stopped. Repeat treatment in situations where there is evidence of new infestation.

covered and protected baiting point at 2 to 4 metre intervals per placement, where mice or their signs have been observed.

Maintain an uninterrupted supply of fresh bait for 14-28 days or until signs of rodent activity cease. The product should be placed in the immediate vicinity of places where rodent activity has been previously explored (e.g. travel paths, nesting sites, feedlots, holes, burrows etc.). Do not use this product as permanent baits for the prevention of rodent infestation or monitoring of rodent activities. Do not use this product in pulsed baiting treatments. Protect bait from the atmospheric conditions. Place the baiting points in areas not liable to

flooding. Do not apply this product directly in the burrows. Replace any bait in baiting points in which bait has been damaged by water or contaminated by dirt Remove the remaining Disposal: က

TO BE USED ONLY BY PROFESSIONAL USERS the bait. Wear protective chemical resistant gloves during product

All Use Areas:

Bait stations must be clearly labelled to show they contain rodenticides READ THE LABEL BEFORE USE. Using this product in a manner and that they must not be moved or opened. Bait stations must be that is inconsistent with the label may be an offence. Refer to the labelled with the following information: "do not move or open"; "contains CRRU UK Code of Best Practice (or equivalent) for quidance.

a rodenticide"; "product name or authorisation number"; "active substance(s)" and "in case of accident, call a poison centre". Where prior

rodents, it shall only be supplied to a professional user holding food waste). Apart from this, do not clean up the infested area just certification demonstrating compliance with UK rodenticide before the treatment, as this only disturbs the rodent population and makes bait acceptance more difficult to achieve. The application rate should be adjusted to the size of the population and availability of alternative feeding. The frequency of visits to the treated area should be at the discretion of the operator, in the light of the survey conducted at Head and follow the product information as well as any minimum at the discretion of time operatur, in the flight of the consistent with accompanying the product or provided at the point of sale before the outset of the treatment. That frequency should be consistent with using it. Where possible, bait stations must be fixed to the ground or the recommendations provided by the relevant code of best practice.

species, their places of activity and determine the likely cause and the be taken into account when considering the choice of rodenticide to be extent of the infestation. Consider preventive control measures (e.g. used. Do not use in areas where resistance to the active substance can plug holes, remove potential food and drinking as far as possible) to be suspected. Where resistance to bromadiolone has been shown or is improve product intake and reduce the likelihood of reinvasion. Place suspected, resistant management strategies should be employed. Such the product away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs, as well as strategies include the use of maximum label dose levels to ensure that from utensils or surfaces that have contact with these. Place the sufficient bait is available for the entire rodent population to feed on a

search for and remove dead rodents during treatment at frequent intervals, in line with the recommendations provided by the relevant state of the infestation and of the efficacy of the treatment, I after a code of best practice. When placing bait points close to surface treatment pend of 35 days bairs are confinitived to consumed and no waters (e.g. rivers, ponds, water channels, dykes, irrigation ditches) or decline in rodent activity can be observed, the likely cause has to be water drainage systems, ensure that bait contact with water is determined. Where other elements have been excluded, it is likely that avoided. Do not wash the bait stations or utensils used in covered and there are resistant rodents so consider the use of a non-anticoagulant protected bait points with water between applications. When using the rodenticide, where available, or a more potent anticoagulant product do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands and directly exposed rodenticide. Also consider the use of traps as an alternative control measure. Do not rotate the use of different anticoagulants with comparable or weaker potency for resistance management purposes Norway Rats: Place 2 – 10 blocks (28g) in a tamper-resistant bait
 For rotational use, consider using a non-anticoagulant rodenticide, if sation or covered and profected bath point at 15 or 10 meter intervals set on covered and profected bath point at 15 or 10 meter intervals per placement, where rats or their signs have been observed.

washed away and to protect from flooding or displacement. In case of accident, or if taken unwell, seek medical advice immediately

This product contains an anticoagulant substance. If ingested, symptoms, which may be delayed, may include nosebleed and bleeding - House Mice: Place 1 block (28g) in a tamper-resistant bait station or gums. In severe cases, there may be bruising and blood present in the

Dermal exposure, wash skin with water and then with water and soap. Eve exposure, rinse eyes with eye-rinse liquid or water, keep eye lids

Oral exposure, rinse mouth carefully with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not provoke vomiting. swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the product's container or label.

Bromadiolone is an anticoagulant, a Vitamin K antagonist

 Antidote: Vitamin K₁ administered by medical/veterinary personnel LIK medical professionals should contact the National Poisons

Information Service (www.npis.org) for further advice. Contact a veterinary surgeon in case of ingestion by a pet.

Hazardous to wildlife.

product at the end of the At the end of the treatment, dispose uneaten bait and the packaging in treatment period. For outdoor accordance with local requirements. Use of gloves is recommended. use, baiting points must be Dispose of dead rodents in accordance with local requirements. covered and placed in Rodents can be disease carriers. Do not touch dead rodents with bare strategic sites to minimise the hands, use gloves or use tools such as tongs when disposing them. In exposure to non-target the UK poisoned rodents may be disposed of by the waste producer at species. Because of their an incinerator or landfill permitted to accept that type of waste, or delayed mode of action, collected by a registered waste carrier and taken for disposal at a anticoagulant rodenticides suitably permitted site. For further information on disposal contact take from 4 to 10 days to be the Environment Agency (http://www.environment-agency.gov.uk) effective after consumption of or SEPA (http://www.sepa.org.uk).

CONTRAC

KILLS RATS & MICE

A block bait containing Bromadiolone (0.005%) for use only as a rodenticide for the control of Norway rats (Rattus norvegicus) in and around buildings, open areas and waste dumps, and sewers and House mice (Mus musculus) in and around buildings. for the protection of public health, stored products and materials.

NOT for Amateur Sale

Active Substance: Bromadiolone 0.05 g/kg (0.005% w/w) (CAS No.: 28772-56-7)

Contains Denatonium Benzoate - a bittering agent, and a dye Use Biocides Safely and Sustainably

Authorisation Nos.: UK-2015-0941 IE/BPA 70551

Hazard and precautionary statements:

H360D May damage the unborn child. H372 Causes damage to organs (Blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P264 Wash hands and directly exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

P308 + P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P405 Store locked up.

DANGER

NET WEIGHT: 8 kg 28g Blox

Storage Instructions:

Store in a dry, cool and well ventilated place Keen the container closed and away from direct sunlight Store in places prevented from the access of children, birds, pets and farm animals Shelf life: 3 years



Authorisation holder: Bell Laboratories, Inc. - European Division Chaucer House, Chaucer Road Sudbury, Suffolk CO10 1LN England

Tel: +1 608-241-0202 | Email: emea@helllahs.com Manufactured By:

1 Authorisation holder: Rell I aboratories Netherlands R V De Cuserstraat 93, NL-1081CN Amsterdam

Tel: +1 608-241-0202 | Email: emea@belllabs.com



Bell Laboratories Supports WILDLIFE

-Batch Number, Date of Manufacture and Expiry Date are printed on the packaging.

FOR PROFESSIONAL / TRAINED PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY - NOT for Amateur Sale Not for sale to the general public.

Rodent Control and Safe Use of Rodenticides. Following any additional instructions in that code of best practices.

Proof of competence:

Trained professional users must register with DAFM as a 'Trained not be moved or opened. Professional - Pest Management Professional' (PMU) and must present Bait stations: their PMU Number at point of sale to purchase this product for use only as specified on the label

Professional users must present their professional number such as herd/flock number at point of sale to purchase this product for use only as specified on this label.

Always read the label before use and follow instructions provided. Use Biocides Safely and Sustainably. It is illegal to use this product for uses or in a manner other than that prescribed on this

Instructions for safe handling and use:

Read and follow the product information as well as any information accompanying the product or provided at the point of sale before using it. Carry out a pre-baiting survey of the infested area and an on-site assessment in order to identify the rodent species, their places of activity and determine the likely cause and the extent of the infestation. Where possible, bait stations must be fixed to the ground or other structures. Bait should be secured so that it cannot be dragged away. from the bait station. Place the product out of the reach of children, birds, pets and farm animals and other non-target animals. Place the product away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs, as well as from utensils or surfaces that have contact with these. When using the product do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands and directly exposed skin after using the product. Wear protective chemical resistant gloves during product handling phase (EN374). Do not wash the bait stations or utensils used in covered and protected bait points with water between applications. To reduce risk of secondary poisoning, search for and remove dead rodents during treatment at frequent intervals, in line First aid information with the recommendations provided by the CRRU Ireland Best Practice Requirements for Rodent Control and Safe Use of Rodenticides. Consider preventive control measures (e.g. plug holes, remove potential food and drinking as far as possible) to improve product intake and reduce the likelihood of reinvasion. Do not use this product as permanent baits for the prevention of rodent infestation or monitoring of In case of:

Directions For Use:

- Norway Rats: Place 2 - 10 blocks (28g) in a tamper-resistant bait station or covered and protected bait point at 5 to 10 metre intervals per placement, where rats or their signs have been observed. Bait stations should be visited only 5 to 7 days after the beginning of the treatment and at least weekly afterwards, in order to check whether the bait is accepted, the bait stations are intact and to remove rodent hodies. Re-fill hait when necessary. In sewers - anchor blocks at placement site to reduce the likelihood of its removal by rodents or by surges of water. Secure by wire or by attaching to available structures to ensure the blocks are not washed away and to protect from flooding. or displacement. Regularly check bait consumption and replace consumed or spoiled bait until consumption has stopped. Repea treatment in situations where there is evidence of new infestation.

- House Mice: Place 1 block (28g) in a tamper-resistant bait station or covered and protected baiting point at 2 to 4 metre intervals per placement, where mice or their signs have been observed. Bait stations should be visited at least every 2 to 3 days at the beginning of the treatment and at least weekly afterwards, in order to check whether the bait is accepted, the bait stations are intact and to remove rodent bodies. Re-fill bait when necessary.

The frequency of visits to the treated area should be at the discretion of the operator, in the light of the survey conducted at the outset of the treatment. That frequency should be consistent with the recommendations provided by the relevant code of best practice.

The product should be placed in the immediate vicinity of places where rodent activity has been previously observed (e.g. travel paths, nesting sites, feedlots, holes, burrows etc.).

Protect bait from the atmospheric conditions. Place the baiting points in areas non-liable to flooding. Replace any bait in baiting points in which bait has been damaged by water or contaminated by dirt. Remove the remaining bait or bait stations at the end of the treatment period. For outdoor use, baiting points must be covered and placed in strategic sites to minimise the exposure to non-target species.

Do not use this product in pulsed baiting treatments. Do not apply this product directly to the burrows.

Rodents can be disease carriers. Do not touch dead rodents with bare This product should only be used in accordance with a code of best hands, use gloves or use tools such as tongs when disposing of them, practice such as the CRRU Ireland Best Practice Requirements for Without Indian Product Ireland Best Practice Requirements for Without Indian Product Ireland Best Practice Requirements for Without Indian Product Ireland Best Practice Requirements for Without Ireland Ire When placing bait points close to surface waters (e.g. rivers, ponds, water channels, dykes, irrigation ditches) or water drainage systems, ensure that bait contact with water is avoided. Bait stations must be clearly labelled to show they contain rodenticides and that they must

- Must be labelled with the following information: "Product name or authorisation number"; "Active substance(s)"; "Contains a rodenticide"; "Do not move or open"; and "In case of incident, call the National Poisons Information Centre on (01) 809 2166".

 Where possible, prior to the treatment inform any possible bystanders (e.g. users of the treated area and their surroundings) about the rodent control campaign in accordance with the code of best practice.

When the product is being used in public areas, the areas treated should be marked during the treatment period and a notice explaining the risk of primary or secondary poisoning by the anticoagulant as well as indicating the first measures to be taken in case of poisoning must be made available alongside the baits.

The product should only be used as part of an integrated pest management (IPM) system, including, amongst others, hygiene measures and, where possible, physical methods of control. Remove food which is readily attainable for rodents (e.g. spilled grain or food waste). Apart from this, do not clean up the infested area just before the treatment, as this only disturbs the rodent population and makes bait acceptance more difficult to achieve. If bait uptake is low relative to the apparent size of the infestation, consider the replacement of bait points to further places and the possibility to change to another bait formulation Because of their delayed mode of action, anticoagulant rodenticides take from 4 to 10 days to be effective after consumption of the bait. Do not use in areas where resistance to the active substance can be suspected.

This product contains an anticoagulant substance, If ingested, symptoms, which may be delayed, may include nosebleed and bleeding gums. In severe cases, there may be bruising and blood present in the faeces or urine.

Antidote: Vitamin K₁ administered by medical/veterinary personnel only

Dermal exposure, wash skin with water and then with water and

Eye exposure, rinse eyes with eye-rinse liquid or water, keep eye lids

onen at least 10 minutes Oral exposure, rinse mouth carefully with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not provoke vomiting. I swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the product's

Poison Information: For information or to report a poisoning incident contact The National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital,

Dublin (01) 809 2166, retain the label for reference. Contact a veterinary surgeon in case of ingestion by a pet.

Hazardous to wildlife.

Do not use baits containing anticoagulant active substances as permanent baits for the prevention of rodent infestation or monitoring of rodent activities. Products shall not be used beyond 35 days without an evaluation of the state of the infestation and of the efficacy of the treatment. If after a treatment period of 35 days baits are continued to he consumed and no decline in rodent activity can be observed, the likely cause has to be determined. Where other elements have been excluded it is likely that there are resistant rodents so consider the use of a non-anticoagulant rodenticide, where available, or a more potent anticoagulant rodenticide. Also consider the use of traps as an alternative control measure.

Disposal of uneaten bait:

At the end of the treatment, dispose uneaten bait and the packaging in accordance with EPA requirements for the disposal of hazardous waste. Use of gloves is recommended.

Disposal of dead rodents:

Dispose of dead rodents in accordance with local requirements, using one of the following methods of disposal (in order of preference): via an on-site or on-farm small carcass incinerator; with the site's or farm's domestic waste; in the site's or farm's normal non-hazardous waste; or by burial on-site, but away from sensitive areas.

