

Sorexa® D

Contains 0.05 g/kg (0.005% w/w) difenacoum

Sorexa D is a ready-to-use grain bait for the control of house mice (Mus musculus).

To be used only by professional users holding certification demonstrating compliance with UK rodenticide stewardship regime requirements

The ultimate canary seed bait for mouse control





Canary Seed Bait | Especially valuable where mice are proving hard to control with standard grain baits

- High quality canary seed bait for consistent control
- **Exceptionally palatable to mice**
- Thorough rodenticide impregnation

**D-BASF** We create chemistry

® = Registered trademark of BASF

81125192GB1038

Document size: 250x200 mm (width x heigth) Gross size: 250x200 mm (width x heigth)

# Sorexa® D

# Contains 0.05 g/kg (0.005% w/w) difenacoum

Sorexa D is a ready-to-use grain bait for the control of house mice (Mus musculus).

Sorexa D is for indoor use only.

For professional users with demonstrated competence.

When this product is supplied to a user for the control of rodents, it shall only be supplied to a professional user holding certification demonstrating compliance with UK rodenticide stewardship regime requirements.

Read the label before use. Using this product in a manner that is inconsistent with the label may be an offence. Refer to the CRRU UK Code of Best Practice (or equivalent)

This product contains a bittering agent and a dye.

## Danger

May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs (blood) through prolonged or repeated

Obtain special instructions before use Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Wear protective gloves IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

Store locked up. Dispose of contents/container in accordance

with national regulations.

To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.



Place Sorexa D baits throughout the infested area using tamper-resistant bait stations or using covered and protected bait points

# **Application Rate:**

Species		Recommended frequency of revisiting
Mice	1-2 meters apart.	Frequently over first 10-days and regularly as consumption continues.

# Instructions for Use

Read and follow the product information as well as any information accompanying the product or provided at the point of sale before using it

Carry out a pre-baiting survey of the infested area and an on-site assessment in order to identify the rodent species, their places of activity and determine the likely cause and the

Remove food which is readily attainable for rodents (e.g. spilled grain or food waste). Apart from this, do not clean up the infested area just before the treatment, as this only disturbs the rodent population and makes bait acceptance more difficult to achieve.

The product should be placed in the immediate vicinity of places where rodent activity has previously occurred (e.g. rodent runs, nesting sites, holes, etc.).

Where possible, bait stations must be fixed to the ground or other structures Bait stations must be clearly labelled to show they contain rodenticides and that they must not be moved or opened (see 'Risk Mitigation Measures' for the information to be shown

Bait should be secured so that it cannot be dragged away from the bait station.

Place the bait in the baiting point by using a dosage devise. Minimise dust by wet wiping. When placing bait stations close to water drainage systems, ensure that bait contact with

Place the product out of the reach of children, birds, pets and farm animals and other non-

Place the product away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs, as well as from utensils or surfaces that have contact with these

Wear protective chemical resistant gloves during product handling phase (e.g. EN 374)

When using the product do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands and directly exposed skin after using the product.

The frequency of visits to the treated area should be at the discretion of the operator, in the light of the survey conducted at the outset of the treatment. That frequency should be consistent with the recommendations provided by the relevant code of best practice

If bait uptake is low relative to the apparent size of the infestation, consider the replacement of bait points to further places and the possibility to change to another bait formulation.

If after a treatment period of 35 days baits continue to be consumed and no decline in rodent activity is observed, the likely cause must be determined. Where other elements have been excluded, it is likely that there are resistant rodents so consider the use of a nonanticoagulant rodenticide, where available, or a more potent anticoagulant rodenticide. Also consider the use of traps as an alternative control measure.

Remove the remaining product at the end of treatment period

The product should only be used as part of an integrated pest management (IPM) system, including, amongst others, hygiene measures and, where possible, physical methods of

Because of their delayed mode of action, anticoagulant rodenticides take from 4 to 10 days to be effective after consumption of the bait

### **Risk Mitigation Measures**

Where possible, prior to the treatment inform any bystanders (e.g. users of the treated area and their surroundings) about the rodent control campaign, in accordance with the CRRU UK

Consider preventive control measures (plug holes, remove potential food and drinking as far as possible) to improve product intake and reduce the likelihood of reinvasion

To reduce risk of secondary poisoning, search for and remove dead rodents during treatment at frequent intervals, in line with the recommendations provided by the CRRU UK

Do not use the product as permanent baits for the prevention of rodent infestation or monitoring of rodent activities

Do not use the product in pulsed baiting treatments.

Do not wash the bait stations or utensils used in covered and protected bait points with water between applications.

Bait stations must be labelled with the following information: "do not move or open": "contains a rodenticide"; "product name or authorisation number"; "active substance(s)" and "in case of accident, call a poison centre"

Hazardous to wildlife

Dispose of dead rodents in accordance with local requirements. In the UK poisoned rodents may be disposed of by the waste producer at an incinerator or landfill permitted to accept that type of waste, or collected by a registered waste carrier and taken for disposal at a suitably permitted site. For further information on disposal contact the Environment Agency (http://www.environment-agency.gov.uk) or SEPA (http://www.

Rodents can be disease carriers. Do not touch dead rodents with bare hands, use gloves or use tools such as tongs when disposing them.

### Resistance management

Do not use in areas where resistance to the active substance is suspected.

Products shall not be used beyond 35 days without an evaluation of the state of the infestation and of the efficacy of the treatment.

Do not rotate the use of different anticoagulants with comparable or weaker potency for resistance management purposes. For rotational use, consider using a non-anticoagulant rodenticide, if available, or a more potent anticoagulant.

Store in a dry, cool and well ventilated place away from products with an odour.

Keep the container closed and away from direct sunlight.

Store in places prevented from the access of children, birds, pets and farm animals.

Shelf life: 2 years

### Disnosal

At the end of the treatment, dispose of uneaten bait and the packaging in accordance with

Use of gloves is recommended.

For information on disposal contact the Environment Agency (http://www.environmentagency.gov.uk) or SEPA (http://www.sepa.org.uk).

This product contains an anticoagulant substance. If ingested, symptoms, which may be delayed, may include nosebleed and bleeding gums. In severe cases, there may be bruising and blood present in the faeces or urine.

Antidote: Vitamin K1 administered by medical/veterinary personnel only.

- Dermal exposure, wash skin with water and then with water and soap.
- Eye exposure, rinse eyes with eyes-rinse liquid or water, keep eyes lids open at least 10
- Oral exposure, rinse mouth carefully with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do not provoke vomiting. If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the product's container or label.

UK medical professionals should contact the National Poisons Information Service (www. npis.org) for further advice

Contact a veterinary surgeon in case of ingestion by a pet.

Authorisation number: UK-2012-0319 Expiry date: 24 months after manufacture.

Authorisation Holder: BASF plc Crop Protection P O Box 4 Earl Road Cheadle Hulme, CHEADLE Cheshire SK8 60G Tel: 0161 485 6222

Emergency information: 0049 1802 273112 (24 Hours freephone)

# **Safety Data Sheet**

To access the Safety Data Sheet for this product scan the QR code or use the weblink below...



bit.ly/Sorexa D msds

Alternatively, contact your supplier.



Date of manufacture:

Batch no.:

Sorexa D - 10 kgs - 81125193GB1038