

ROMAX

Barrettine
Environmental Health

Romax Rat CP contains 0.0375 % w/w Coumatetralyl.

RAT CP SOFT BLOCK

The bait is provided in 100 g ready-to-use sachets.

Do not open the sachet.

A ready-to-use paste bait containing Coumatetralyl (0.0375% w/w) for use as a rodenticide (PT14) by professionals only, for the control of rats:

- In and around buildings
- Outdoors – open areas
- Sewers

For the protection of public health, stored products and materials.

To be used only by professional users holding certification demonstrating compliance with UK rodenticide stewardship regime requirements.

Read the label before use. Using this product in a manner that is inconsistent with the label may be an offense. Refer to CRRU UK Code of Best Practice for guidance.

When this product is supplied to a user for the control of rodents, it shall only be supplied to a professional user holding certification demonstrating compliance with UK rodenticide stewardship requirements.

Use Biocides Safely.

Always read the label and product information before use.

50 x 100 g

BPR: UK-2016-1003



DANGER

Safety information Romax Rat CP

Contains 0.0375 % w/w Coumatetralyl.

May damage the unborn child. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Restricted to professional users. Obtain special instructions before use.

Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection. If exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER / doctor / physician. Dispose of contents / container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

UK-2016-1003

ROMAX

Romax Rat CP contains 0.0375 % w/w Coumatetralyl.

Barrettine

Environmental Health

Marketing Company

Barrettine Environmental Health

St. Ivel Way, Warmley, Bristol, BS30 8TY

Tel: 0117 967 2222 - Fax: 0117 961 4122

email: beh@barrettine.co.uk

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:

Wash hands and exposed skin before meals and after use. Baits must be securely deposited in a way so as to minimize the risk of consumption by other animals or children. Where possible, secure baits so that they cannot be dragged away. Prevent access to bait by children, birds and non-target animals, (particularly dogs, cats, pigs and poultry). Unless under the supervision of a pest control operator or other competent person, do not use anticoagulant rodenticides as permanent baits. In most cases, anticoagulant bait should have achieved control within 35 days. Should activity continue beyond this time, the likely cause should be determined.

Romax Rat CP kill: Norway/Brown Rats (*Rattus norvegicus*) and Black Rats (*Rattus rattus*).

Public Area Use: When the product is being used in public areas, the areas treated must be marked during the treatment period and a notice explaining the risk of primary or secondary poisoning by the anticoagulant as well as indicating the first measures to be taken in case of poisoning must be made available alongside the baits.

When tamper resistant bait stations are used, they should be clearly marked to show that they contain rodenticides and that they should not be disturbed.

Antidote vitamin K₁ (under medical supervision). UK medical professionals should contact the National Poisons Information Service (www.npis.org) for further advice.

Resistance Status: The resistance status of the target population should be taken into account when considering the choice of rodenticide to be used.

In those areas where evidence of resistance to specific active ingredients is suspected, avoid their use.

To control the spreading of resistance, it is advisable to alternate baits containing different anticoagulant active ingredients.

Application: In and around buildings, Outdoor use – in open areas, Sewers.

The application rate should be an effective level against rats whilst not increasing the risks to non-target wildlife.

Adapt the number of bait stations to the infestation level. Inspect and resupply the bait stations, 3 days after application, then once a week as the bait is consumed. The maximum and minimum amount of bait per bait point and distances between bait points must be respected. Always use this product in accordance with the label. The users should inform the Authorisation Holder if the treatment is ineffective and report any alarming signals that could be assumed to be resistance development.

Baiting for Rats:

Secure 100-200 g of bait in covered tamper resistant baiting stations or covered bait points spaced 5-20 metres apart (3-10 metres apart in areas of high infestation) in areas where rats are active.

Baiting for Rats in Sewers:

Place 100 g of bait per manhole or 200 g of bait per manhole if a high infestation is suspected.

Where appropriate secure the bait block at its placement site to reduce the likelihood of its removal by surges of water.

A ready-to-use paste bait containing Coumatetralyl (0.0375% w/w) for use as a rodenticide by professionals only, for the control of rats:

- In and around buildings
- Outdoors – open areas
- Sewers

For the protection of public health, stored products and materials.

FOLLOW-UP:

Search for and remove dead rodents at frequent intervals during treatment, (unless used in sewers) at least as often as baits are inspected and/or replaced.

Daily inspection may be required in some circumstances.

Dispose of dead rodents in accordance with local requirements.

Poisoned rodents may be disposed of by the waste producer at an incinerator or landfill permitted to accept that type of waste, or collected by a registered waste carrier and taken for disposal at a suitably permitted site.

For information on disposal in the UK contact the Environment Agency (<http://www.environment-agency.gov.uk>) or SEPA (<http://www.sepa.org.uk>).

Storage and Disposal:

Remove all baits after treatment and dispose of them in accordance with local requirements. Dead rodents and bait found outside bait stations should be disposed of using protective gloves. Store and protect from light. Keep only in original container. Keep locked up and out of reach of children.

Romax Rat CP contains the bittering agent Bitrex™, the human taste deterrent, providing greater bait safety without loss of effectiveness.

Romax is a registered trademark of JV Barrett and Co. Bitrex® is a registered trademark of Macfarlan Smith, Edinburgh.

www.barrettine.co.uk (for MSDS)

This product must be used in accord with the product label.

Authorisation Holder

Bayer CropScience Limited,
230 Cambridge Science Park,
Milton Road, Cambridge,
CB4 0WB.
Tel No. 00800 1214 9451

Date of expiry: see the pack.

Batch number: see the pack.

FIRST AID:

Coumatetralyl is an anticoagulant which may produce bleeding; this may be delayed for several days after exposure. If there is no active bleeding the INR (prothrombin time) should be measured on presentation and 48-72 hours after exposure. If the INR is greater than 4, administer Vitamin K₁ (phytonadione) 5-10 mg by slow intravenous injection (100 µg/kg body weight for a child). Treatment with phytonadione (orally or intravenously) may be required for several weeks. The advice of the National Poisons Information Service (<http://www.npis.org>) should be sought, particularly if active bleeding occurs. In case of accident, suspected exposure or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show label where possible).

If swallowed: Seek medical advice immediately. **Contact with skin:** Wash with soap and water. Remove and launder any contaminated clothing. **Contact with eyes:** Remove contact lenses if present and rinse the eye slowly and gently for 15-20 minutes. Seek medical advice immediately.

Antidote: Vitamin K₁ (under medical control).

For 24 hour emergency information contact Bayer CropScience Ltd. Telephone: 0800 220876 or nearest National Poisons Information Centre.



5 015861 985101

GB79413580G - ARTICLE 79288107 - RA2